





Gate-Shift Networks for Video Action Recognition

Swathikiran Sudhakaran¹

Sergio Escalera^{2,3}

Oswald Lanz¹

¹Fondazione Bruno Kessler, Italy

²Computer Vision Center, Spain

³Universitat de Barcelona, Spain







Motivation

Video action recognition requires spatio-temporal reasoning

Putting something similar to other things that are already on the table













Taking one of many similar things on the table

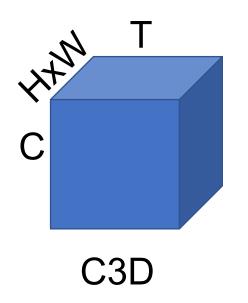


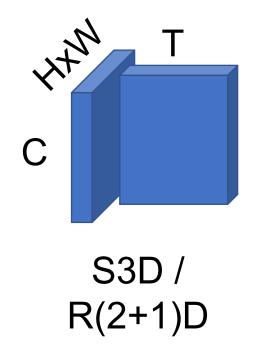
Contribution

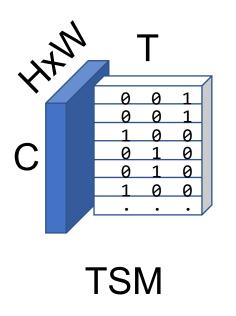
Large number of parameters in 3D CNNs require large scale annotated data for training

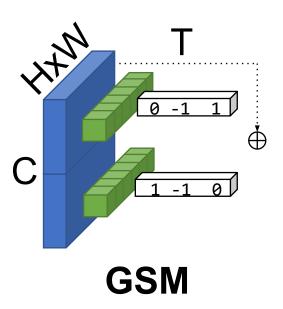
Existing approaches address this problem by a **hard-wired** decomposition of the 3D kernels which is **suboptimal**

GSM leverages spatial gating for adaptive feature propagation

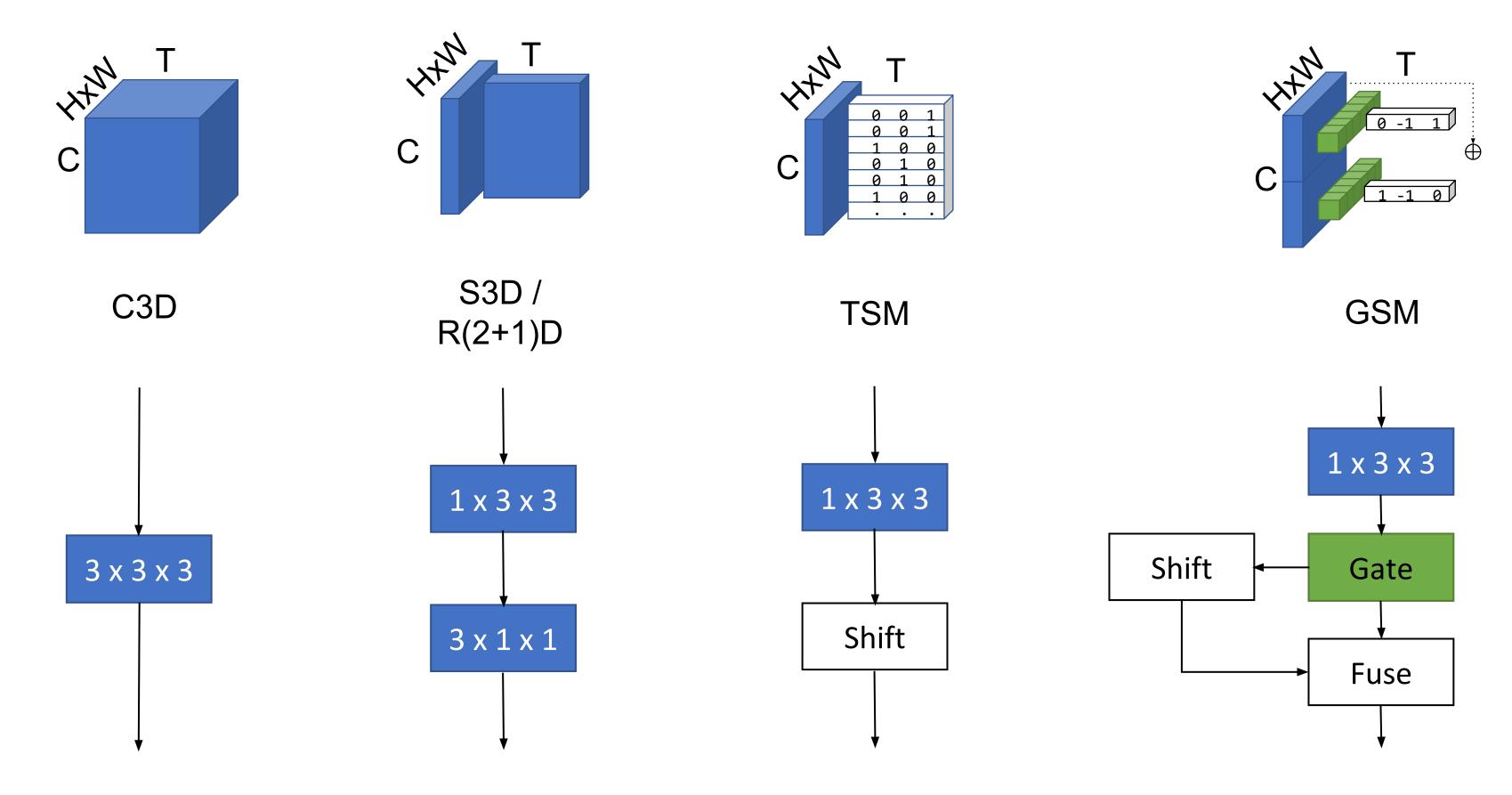






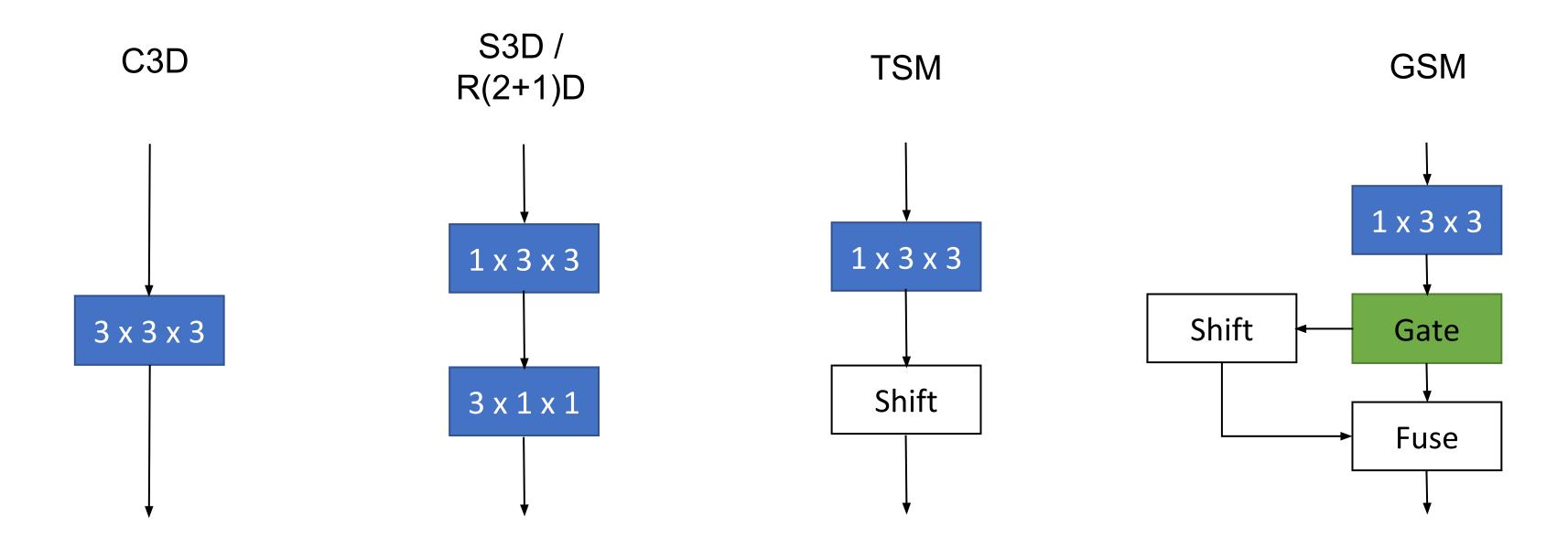








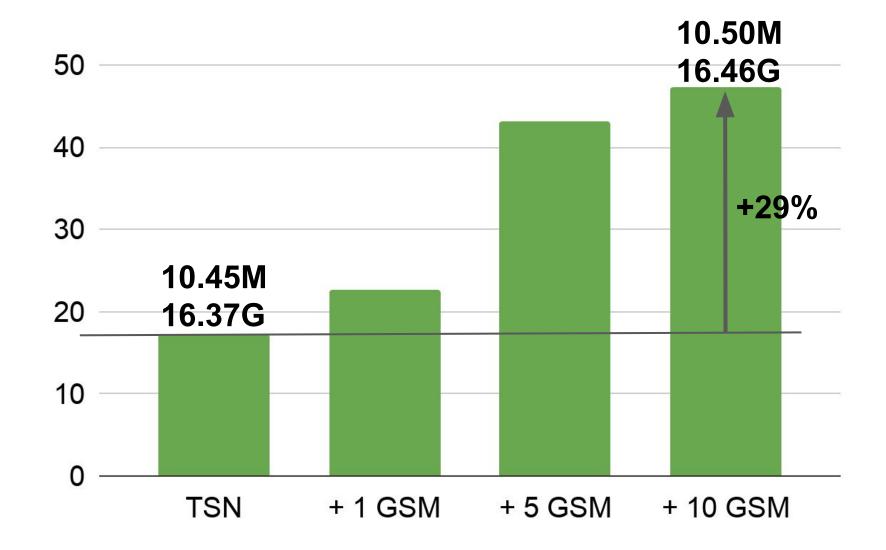
GSM develops a **flexible** and **data dependent decomposition** of 3D kernels with **reduced parameters** and **computational overhead**

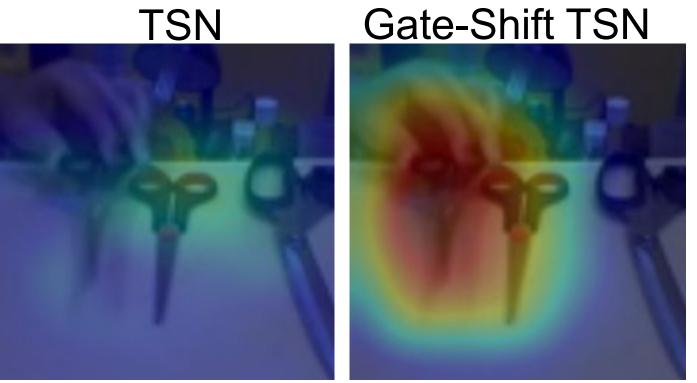




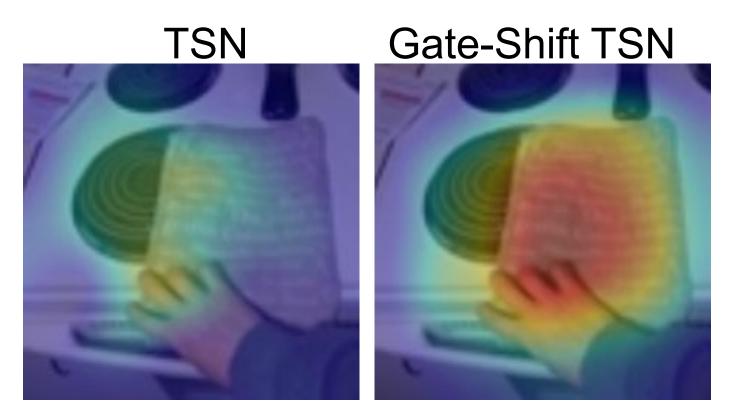
Effectiveness of GSM

Ablation study on Sth-V1

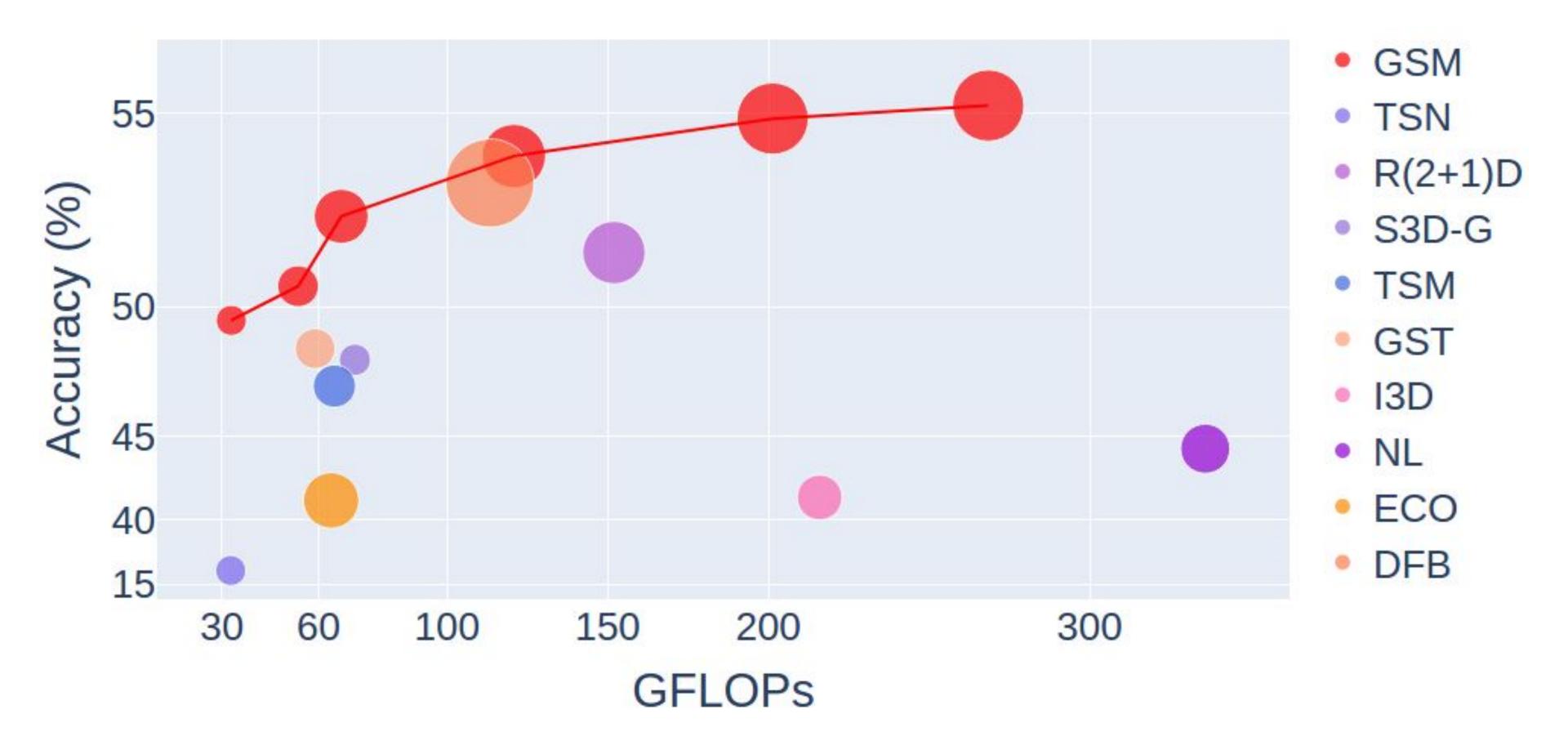




Putting sth similar to other things that are already on the table



Unfolding sth



State-of-the-art recognition accuracy of 55% on Something Something-V1







Gate-Shift Networks for Video Action Recognition

Swathikiran Sudhakaran¹

Sergio Escalera^{2,3}

Oswald Lanz¹

¹Fondazione Bruno Kessler, Italy

²Computer Vision Center, Spain

³Universitat de Barcelona, Spain



